

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A method for transmitting video graphics data, comprising:

|        a processor dividing a screen into a number of blocks, the blocks having contents;

|        the processor periodically reading, from a buffer, the contents of each one of the blocks over a number of passes, wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks;

|        the processor computing a unique value for a first block based on the contents;

|        the processor comparing the unique value for the first block to a previously computed unique value corresponding to the first block; and

|        the processor transmitting the contents of the first block if the unique value for the first block is different from the previously computed unique value corresponding to the first block.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:

      storing the unique value for the first block in a table if the unique values are different; and

      comparing the unique value of the first block to a unique value corresponding to a preceding block,

      wherein the transmitting step transmits the preceding block and a repeat command if the unique value of the first block is equal to the unique value corresponding to the preceding block.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
storing the unique value of the first block in a table if the unique values are different;  
comparing the unique value of the first block to a unique value corresponding to a preceding block; and  
compressing the contents of the first block if the unique values are not equal,  
wherein the transmitting step transmits the preceding block and a compressed first block if the unique value of the first block is not equal to the unique value corresponding to the preceding block.
4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the compressing step includes compressing a number of similar bytes using a run length encoding technique.
5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
periodically reading configuration information of a video graphics controller;  
determining if the configuration information has changed; and  
transmitting configuration changes if the configuration information has changed.
6. (Original) The method of claim 5,  
wherein the screen is divided into a number of blocks, including rows and columns, based on the screen resolution, and  
wherein the configuration information is read after a row of blocks is completed.
7. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
periodically reading ~~configuration~~ information of a pointing device;  
determining if a position of the pointing device ~~configuration information~~ has changed; and

transmitting configuration changes if the ~~configuration information position~~ has changed.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7,  
wherein the screen is divided into a number of blocks, including rows and columns, based on the screen resolution, and  
wherein the configuration information is read after a row of blocks is completed.

9. (Canceled).

10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein surrounding blocks are marked for accelerated processing if during one of the passes the unique value for a given block is different from a previously computed unique value corresponding to the given block.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks and any blocks marked for accelerated processing.

12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the blocks contain color values, the method further comprising:

condensing the color values into 6-bit red-green-blue color values before computing the unique values.

13. (Currently amended) A method of transmitting video graphics data, comprising:

a processor dividing a screen into a number of blocks;  
the processor reading, from a buffer, a first block and at least one subsequent block wherein all the blocks are read over a number of passes and wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks;  
the processor comparing the first block to a subsequent block;

|        the processor developing a repeat command based on how many  
subsequent blocks equal the first block; and  
|        the processor transmitting the first block and the repeat command.

14.    (Original) The method of claim 13, comprising:  
         periodically reading configuration information of a video graphics  
controller;  
         determining if the configuration information has changed; and  
         transmitting configuration changes if the configuration information has  
changed.

15.    (Original) The method of claim 14,  
         wherein the screen is divided into a number of blocks, including rows and  
columns, based on the screen resolution, and  
         wherein the configuration information is read after a row of blocks is  
completed.

16.    (Currently amended) The method of claim 13, comprising:  
         periodically reading configuration information of a pointing device;  
|        ~~determining if the configuration information~~ a position of the pointing device  
has changed; and  
|        transmitting configuration changes if the ~~configuration information~~ position  
has changed.

17.    (Original) The method of claim 16,  
         wherein the screen is divided into a number of blocks, including rows and  
columns, based on the screen resolution, and wherein the configuration  
information is read after a row of blocks is completed.

18.    (Canceled).

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein surrounding blocks are marked for accelerated processing if during one of the passes the unique value for a given block is different from a previously computed unique value corresponding to the given block.

20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks and any blocks marked for accelerated processing.

21. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the blocks contain color values, the method further comprising:

condensing the color values into 6-bit red-green-blue color values, before computing the unique values.

22. (Currently amended) A method of transmitting video graphics data, comprising;

a processor dividing a screen into a number of blocks;

the processor reading, from a buffer, a first block of the screen;

the processor compressing the first block;

the processor reading, from a buffer, a second block of the screen,

wherein all the blocks are read over a number of passes and each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks;

the processor comparing the first block to the second block;

the processor compressing the second block with the first block if the first and second blocks are not equal; and

the processor transmitting the compressed blocks.

23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the compressing step includes compressing a number of similar bytes using a run length encoding technique.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22,  
wherein surrounding blocks are marked for accelerated processing if during one of the passes the unique value for a given block is different from a previously computed unique value corresponding to the given block, and  
wherein the reading step includes reading a different fraction of all the blocks and any blocks marked for accelerated processing.

25. (Previously presented) A computer system for communicating with a remote console, comprising:

a video graphics controller having a frame buffer;

a communication device; and

a processor coupled to the video graphics controller and the communications device, the processor configured to:

divide the frame buffer into a number of blocks;

periodically read the frame buffer and determine whether any of the blocks have changed since a previous reading, wherein the processor reads all of the blocks over a number of passes and wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks; and

transmit changed blocks to the remote console via the communications device.

26. (Currently amended) The computer system of claim ~~[[23]]~~ 25, wherein a hash code is calculated and stored for each block when the block is first read, and wherein subsequent changes are determined for a given block by calculating a new hash code and comparing the new hash code to the stored hash code.

27. (Original) The computer system of claim 26, wherein if subsequently positioned changed blocks have hash codes equal to a previously positioned block, the processor is configured to develop a repeat command to indicate how many times the previously positioned block is repeated prior to transmission.

28. (Original) The computer system of claim 26, wherein if subsequently positioned changed blocks have hash codes unequal to a previously positioned block, the processor is configured to compress the subsequently positioned changed block prior to transmission.

29. (Original) The computer system of claim 28, wherein the processor is configured to compress similar bytes within a block using a run length encoding technique.

30. (Original) The computer system of claim 25, wherein the processor is further configured to:

periodically read configuration information of the video graphics controller;  
determine if the configuration information has changed; and  
transmit configuration changes if the configuration information has changed.

31. (Original) The computer system of claim 30,  
wherein the screen is divided into a number of blocks, including rows and columns, based on the screen resolution, and  
wherein the processor reads the configuration information after a row of blocks is completed.

32. (Currently amended) The computer system of claim 25, wherein the processor is further configured to:

periodically read configuration information of a pointing device;  
determine if ~~the configuration information~~ a position of the pointing device  
has changed; and  
transmit configuration changes if the ~~configuration information~~ position has changed.

33. (Original) The computer system of claim 32,  
wherein the screen is divided into a number of blocks, including rows and columns, based on the screen resolution, and  
wherein the processor reads the configuration information after a row of blocks is completed.

34. (Canceled).

35. (Previously presented) The computer system of claim 25, wherein the processor marks surrounding blocks for accelerated processing if during one of the passes the unique value for a given block is different from a previously computed unique value corresponding to the given block.

36. (Original) The computer system of claim 35, wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks and any blocks marked for accelerated processing.

37. (Previously presented) A computer system for communicating with a remote console, comprising:

a video graphics controller having a frame buffer;

a monitor connectable to the video graphics controller;

a communication device; and

a processor coupled to the video graphics controller and the communications device, the processor configured to:

divide the frame buffer into a number of blocks;

periodically read the frame buffer and determine whether any of the blocks have changed since a previous reading, wherein each of the blocks are read over a number of passes and wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks; and

transmit changed blocks to the remote console via the communications device.



38. (Previously presented) An apparatus for updating video graphics data for a remote console, comprising:

means for dividing a frame buffer into a series of blocks;

means for reading one of the blocks, wherein each of the blocks are read over a number of passes and wherein each pass reads a different fraction of all the blocks;

means for computing a hash code for the block;

means for comparing the hash code to a previously computed hash code for the block ; and

means for transmitting the block if the hash codes are not equal.